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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/614,970	07/08/2003	Mitchell Alsup	5500-81600	8802
53806	7590 10/13/2006		EXAMINER	
MEYERTONS, HOOD, KIVLIN, KOWERT & GOETZEL (AMD) P.O. BOX 398 AUSTIN, TX 78767-0398			GEIB, BENJAMIN P	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2181	

DATE MAILED: 10/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/614,970	ALSUP ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Benjamin P. Geib	2181	

	Benjamin P. Geib	2181	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence add	dress
THE REPLY FILED <u>18 September 2006</u> FAILS TO PLACE THI			
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	the same day as filing a ving replies: (1) an amend tice of Appeal (with appea	Notice of Appeal. To avoid ab Iment, affidavit, or other evide al fee) in compliance with 37 C	nce, which CFR 41.31; or (3)
<ul> <li>a)  The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date</li> <li>b)  The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire is Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (a)</li> </ul>	dvisory Action, or (2) the dat ater than SIX MONTHS from	the mailing date of the final rejec-	tion.
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7 of Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	06.07(f). on which the petition under 3 tension and the correspondir shortened statutory period for r than three months after the	37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropring amount of the fee. The appropring reply originally set in the final Of	ate extension fee riate extension fee fice action; or (2) as
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS</li> </ol>	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41	.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of t	ths of the date of he appeal. Since
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,  (a) They raise new issues that would require further co  (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo  (c) They are not deemed to place the application in beto	nsideration and/or search w);	(see NOTE below);	
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of	finally rejected claims.	
<ul> <li>4.  The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1</li> <li>5.  Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)</li> <li>6.  Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ul>	):		
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:  Claim(s) allowed:  Claim(s) objected to:	□ will not be entered, or vided below or appended	b)  will be entered and an	explanation of
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>	d sufficient reasons why t	he affidavit or other evidence	is necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections ur y and was not earlier pres	nder appeal and/or appellant f sented.  See 37 CFR 41.33(d)	ails to provide a (1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	on of the status of the clair	ns after entry is below or atta	ched.
11.   The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet.	ut does NOT place the ap	plication in condition for allow	ance because: √)
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).  13. Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s	FRITZ FLEMING	
•		SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAM	

## Continuation from 11:

Regarding claims 1 and 17, contrary to Applicant's assertion, Tran has taught a scheduler coupled to the dispatch unit and configured to schedule dispatched operations for execution, wherein in response to receiving a microcoded instruction, the dispatch unit is configured to dispatch to the scheduler a microcode subroutine call operation that includes a tag identifying a microcode subroutine associated with the microcoded instruction. The cited section of Tran, column 8, line 55 – column 9, line 4, describes the dispatch unit (i.e. decode unit 36 and microcode unit 45) receiving a microcoded instruction (i.e. an x86 CALL instruction; See column 4, lines 50-54) that includes a tag (i.e. target address) identifying a microcode subroutine associated with the microcoded instruction. As noted in the Response to Arguments section of the Final Office Action, the execution of the x86 CALL instruction involves the storing of context information, in particular the instruction pointer, in addition to the execution of the microcode subroutine instructions that are dispatched from the microcode unit. While, as noted by the Applicant, a CALL instruction may be implemented in a microprocessor using any of a variety of actions by various components of the microprocessor, each instruction in the processor of Tran is dispatched from the decode unit (part of the dispatch unit) to the execution units and/or load/store unit (See column 6, lines 24-28) via the reservation station (i.e. scheduler) (See column 6, lines 51-63). Therefore, the decode unit (part of the dispatch unit) is configured to dispatch to the reservation station (i.e. scheduler) a microcode subroutine call (i.e. an x86 CALL instruction) that includes a tag (i.e. target address) identifying a microcode subroutine associated with the microcoded instruction.

Regarding claim 29, the arguments stated above for claims 1 and 17 regarding dispatching a microcode subroutine call operation also apply to claim 29.

Further regarding claim 29, the Applicant argues that a CALL instruction is not a microcoded instruction. The Examiner asserts that the Applicant is reading the claim too narrowly. The Examiner is to interpret the claim as broadly as possible, as long as it is reasonable, and the current claim language merely requires an instruction that is "microcoded". The Examiner has provided a reasonable basis as to why the CALL instruction of Tran is a microcoded instruction. If the Applicant intends for the claimed microcoded instruction to be read as a specific type of microcoded instruction, then the Applicant should claim the instruction as such.

Regarding claim 40, as noted on page 20 of the Final Office Action, Carbine has taught having and using (i.e. dispatching) multiple generic routines. The Applicant appears to be arguing that Carbine has not taught the parallel dispatching of multiple generic routines. However, it is noted that the feature of parallel dispatching of multiple generic routines is not recited in the claim.